

Problem of the Week, Fall 2006 12 October 2006

Circle One: Cadet Faculty Student (non USMA) Faculty (non USMA) Other

Last Name (Please Print): Faber, Case Western Reserve University

Problem 6

Let a be the first number you obtain in two consecutive fair die throws and b the second. What is the probability that the graph of the function $y = (x-a)(x-b)+1$ does not intersect the x-axis?

Solution:

First, expand:

$$y = x^2 - ax - bx + ab + 1 = x^2 - (a+b)x + (ab+1)$$

This function will not intersect the x-axis when the discriminant is negative.

$$[-(a+b)]^2 - 4(ab+1) < 0$$

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - 4ab - 4 < 0$$

$$a^2 - 2ab + b^2 - 4 < 0$$

$$(a-b)^2 < 4$$

$$|a-b| < 2$$

This occurs for pairs:

$$(a,b) =$$

$$(1,1), (2,1), (1,2), (2,2)$$

$$(3,2), (2,3), (3,3), (4,3)$$

$$(3,4), (4,4), (5,4), (4,5)$$

$$(5,5), (5,6), (6,5), (6,6)$$

16 pairs total out of 36 possible a,b pairs; a probability of 4/9.